### Handleable Outrigger Mats - Technical Overview



### **Notes:**

■ The following slides are extracts from our certified CPD Presentation titled "Good Practice When Specifying Outrigger Mats".





## Outrigger Mats Material Selection & Certification

### **Material Selection & Certification**



### **Key considerations:**

- Weight / Density with regards Health & Safety (Manual Handling).
- Material properties and module section properties (Structural Performance).
- Weight and material properties of materials utilised in handleable outrigger mats are summarised within table below.

Properties	Nylanite	Plastic (UHMWPE)	Ekki / Azobé Timber (D70)	Oak Timber (D40)	ALIMATS® Aluminium (6005A)
Mat Density (kg/m³)	1380	960	1080	660	600
Material Density (kg/m³)	1380	960	1080	660	2700
Compressive Strength (Mpa)	123	21	34	26	280
Tensile Strength (MPa)	78	28	42	24	270
Modulas of Elasticity (MPa)	3000	1350	20000	13000	69000

 This table does highlight the varying material properties and why material properties at time of use should be known.

### **Material Selection & Certification**



### **Extracts from industry guides and standards:**

"Crane mats (timber, steel, HDPE, etc) are used to distribute the load of the crane to the ground. The suitability of the crane mat used is determined by:

- the size of the mat is suitable to distribute the load to the ground at a stress level less than the ground bearing capacity and
- the strength and integrity of the mat and its ability to handle the load exerted by the crane".

[2] The Crane Industry Council of Australia – 2017

"The strength and stiffness of a pad will depend on the material and the thickness. Material strengths and stiffness are generally understood but it should be noted that plastics are stronger than timber but timber is stiffer than plastic, the order being as follows:

Strength: steel > Aluminium alloy > nylon > polyethylene > hard wood > soft wood

Stiffness: steel > Aluminium alloy > hard wood > soft wood > nylon > polyethylene"

[3] Ground Conditions for Construction Plant – October 2014

### **Material Selection & Certification**



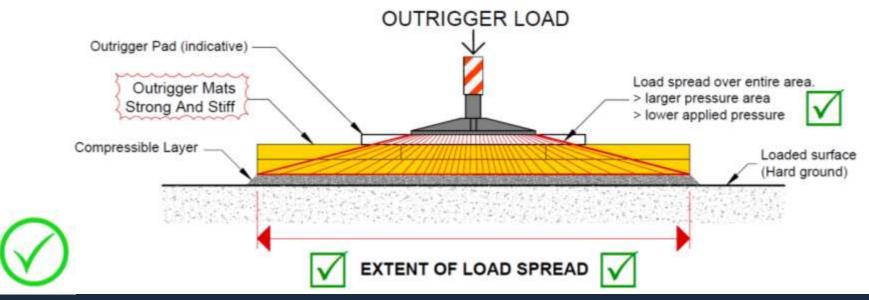
### **Outrigger mat material properties and function:**

- For an outrigger mat to perform as intended the material used must be suitably stiff to distribute the outrigger load.
- Currently outrigger mats do not fall under the category of Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations 1998 (LOLER) and subsequently not regulated by the industry.
- Under LOLER lifting chains have to be certified and inspected every 6 months.
- Other outrigger mat manufacturers only promote high strength properties but not stiffness properties which is very misleading.
- Timber outrigger mats are the most widely used across the industry but strength properties of timber will deteriorate with age, when exposed to the elements and when subjected to repetitive use.



# Material Selection & Certification Outrigger Pad (indicative) Outrigger Mats Strong But Not Stiff Compressible Layer EXTENT OF LOAD SPREAD ■ Brilliant ■ Ideas Load spread through material only. > smaller pressure area > higher applied pressure (Hard ground)

Section Showing Outrigger Load Spread Through Strong Outrigger Mats That Are Not Stiff



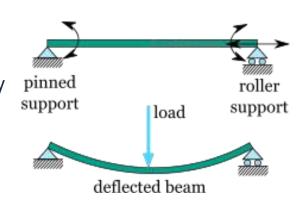


### **Finite Element Analysis (FEA) Study:**

We have recently carried out various FEA studies on a variety of topics relating to how outrigger mats actually perform, we also looked at how other outrigger materials performed in comparison.

### **Key Topics:**

 Beam Analysis (Stiffness): Analysis carried out to compare and understand different materials we carried out a simulation whereby the outrigger mat material was working as a simple beam spanning
 1.5m with an applied point load of 10T (tonnes) at mid span.



 ALIMATS® Patented Interlock (Structural Performance): Analysis carried out comparing modules in both the interlocked and not interlocked position.

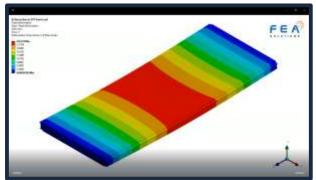


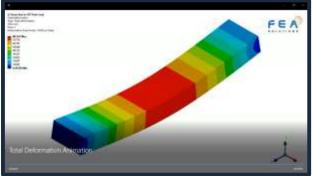


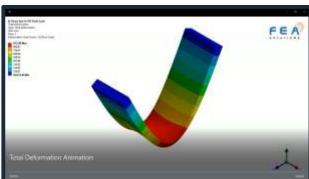
### **FEA Beam Analysis:**

Table below shows the bending results between each system.

Material	Beam Span	Point Load	Max Deflection (Bending)
ALIMATS® (Aluminium)	1.5m	10T	24mm
Single Sleepers (Timber) D40 Oak	1.5m	10T	88mm
Ultra-High-Molecular-Weight Polyethylene Mats (Plastic) UHMW-PE	1.5m	10T	972mm







[Aluminium ALIMATS®]

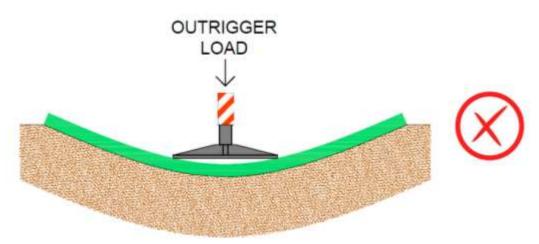
[Timber D40 Oak]

[Plastic - UHMWPE]

- The images above are the media simulations showing the extent of bending that occurred under load.
- Material stiffness (bending resistance) is key with regards to even distribution of load.
- Other systems only promote strength (compression) properties but not stiffness (bending).
- A pack of A4 paper is strong in compression but has very limited stiffness (bending).



### **Simply Explained:**



**Low Tensile Strength Outrigger Mats On Soft Ground** 







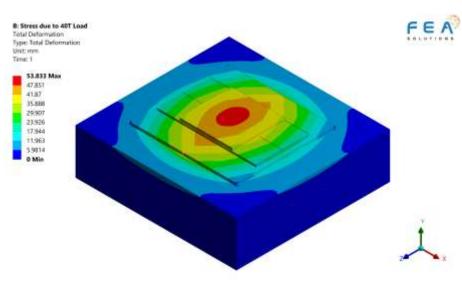


### **Interlocking System Compared to Non-Interlocking Systems:**

One of the key features of ALIMATS® is that it comes with a patented interlock, this offers enhanced structural performance.

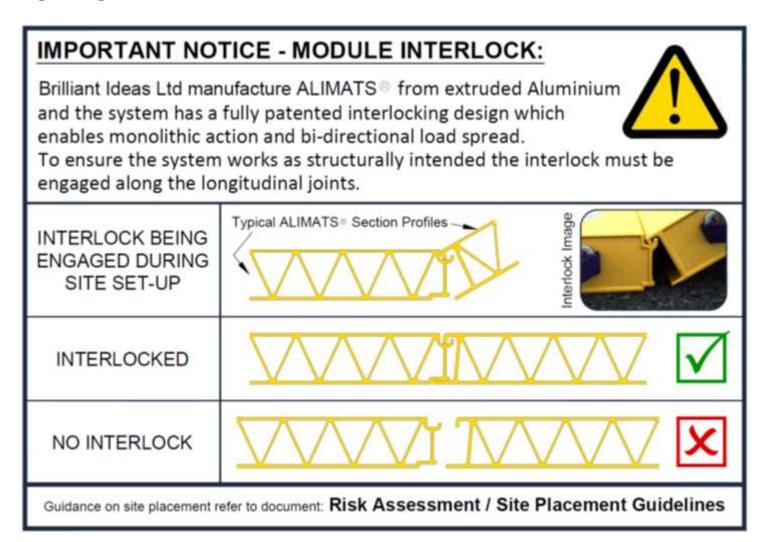
- The interlock enables monolithic action and enhances bi-directional load spread, which results in more even load distribution and reduced stress values below the mat surface.
- The interlock enables easier site placement / adjustment as the modules lock together.







### **Interlocking Design Note:**





### Outrigger Mats ALIMATS® System



### **Product Description:**

- ALIMATS® is a unique patented handleable interlocking outrigger mat system which is manufactured from recycled certified Aluminium.
- It has been specifically developed to spread outrigger loads and has been fully load tested.
- The image below indicates the lightweight truss profile:







### **Module Sizes:**

ALIMATS® Module	Module Dimensions	Load Spread Area Based On Single Module	Module Weight	Code
Short	1160mm x 580mm x 60mm	0.67m²	25kg	AM2
Standard	1740mm x 580mm x 60mm	1.00m²	38kg	AM3
Long	2175mm x 580mm x 60mm	1.26m²	48kg	AM4
Extra Long	3480mm x 290mm x 60mm	1.00m²	48kg	AM5

### **Standard Core Mat Sizes:**

The various mat sizes / configurations are made up by interlocking modules together on-site.

ALIMATS® Outrigger Mat Plan Dimensions	Outrigger Mat Area	Drawing Reference	
1.160m x 1.160m	1.346m²	A-BIL-3M-134	
1.740m x 1.160m	2.018m <sup>2</sup>	A-BIL-4M-201	
1.740m x 1.740m	3.028m <sup>2</sup>	A-BIL-5M-302	
2.320m x 1.740m	4.037m <sup>2</sup>	A-BIL-6M-403	
2.320m x 2.175m	5.046m <sup>2</sup>	A-BIL-6M-504	
3.480m x 1.740m	6.055m <sup>2</sup>	A-BIL-12M-605	
3.480m x 2.030m	7.064m <sup>2</sup>	A-BIL-13M-706	
3.480m x 2.320m	8.073m <sup>2</sup>	A-BIL-14M-807	

### Site Set-Up



### Manual Handling - ALIMATS®:

ALIMATS® comes with handles fitted as standard which enables safe site placement and adjustment.

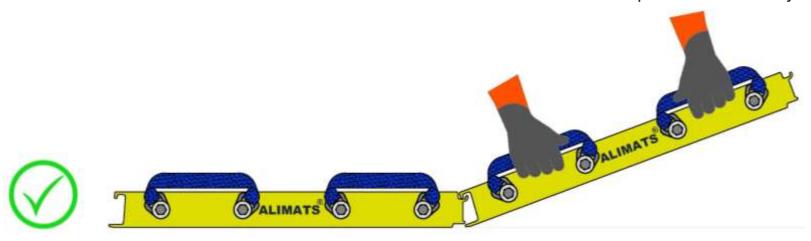


Image showing typical ALIMATS® profile with handles away from trapping zone

### Site Set-Up - ALIMATS®





Unload from 3.5T van

Lower into required position

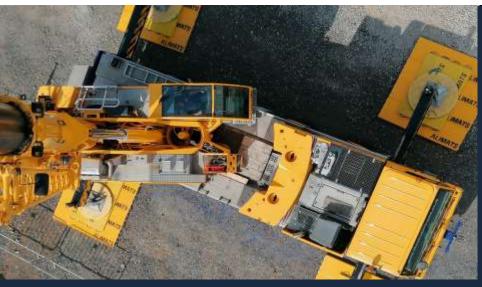




Engaged patented interlock

Repeat until configuration complete (6.05m² shown)







Aerial Shot Showing ALIMATS® Under Crane Outriggers

3.02m<sup>2</sup> Configuration



5.04m<sup>2</sup> Configuration



### **Summary of Benefits:**

- CERTIFIED Mat modules manufactured from certified extruded Aluminium.
- ENGINEERED Fully patented interlocking design enables monolithic action and enhances bidirectional load spread.
- **FLEXIBLE** The various mat sizes / configurations are made up by interlocking modules together.
- LIGHTWEIGHT Mat modules weigh between 25kg to 48kg which enable easy site handling.
- MULTIPLE APPLICATIONS Suitable for Cranes / MEWPS / Concrete Pumps / Scaffolding.
- SAFE No additional plant required and or short rigging to install / remove. Handles fitted as standard.
- STRONG Non-destructive compression tested to 1005T/m² and FEA simulation to the point of distortion to 1856T/m².
- SUSTAINABLE Manufactured from recycled Aluminium and can be transported to site in a small van.



### www.brilliantideasltd.co.uk

Brilliant Ideas Ltd | New House Farm | Belper Road | Bradley | Ashbourne | Derbyshire | DE6 1LP

Telephone: 01335 345 111







